# MUNYON'S

## DYSPEPSIA CURE

Is guaranteed to cure all forms of indigestion and stomach troubles, such as rising of food, distress after eating, shortness of breath and all affections of the heart caused by indigestion, wind colic, bad taste, offensive breath, loss of appetite, headache from indigestion, overindulgence in eating or drinking, or where the lining of the stomach has been impaired by physic or injurious medicines.

Munyon's Homoeopathic Remedy Company put up a cure for nearly every disease. Sold by all druggists, mostly for 25 cents a vial.

Those who are in doubt as to the nature of their disease should address Professor Munyon, 1505 Arch street, Philadelphia, giving full symptoms of their dis-Professor Munyon will carefully diagnose the case and give you the bene-fit of his advice absolutely free of all charge. The remedies will be sent to any es on receipt of retail price.

of the onslaught on Armenians is due to the fact that the Porte desires to divert against the Sultan. The palace spies and olice are kept busy night and day fronstantinople, but this does not preven revolutionary movement from spreadng. The police have just made a fresh seizure in the Turkish part of the city of a large quantity of placards demanding a constitution, which were intended for distribution in the main thoroughfares. The two battalions of troops and the detachment of artillery at the Yildiz Kiosk are kept closely within the grounds of the palace. The life of the Sultan is known to be in danger and the lives of nearly all the ministers have been threatened lassan Pasha, the Minister of Marine, is known to distrust the navy to the extent that he has a guard of troops, and, it is claimed, dares not go on board a war

#### SULTAN SPURRED TO ACTION.

He Is Preparing to Put in Force Reforms Demanded by the Powers. LONDON, Nov. 18.-It is understood in well-informed circles here to-day that the assembling of the British and foreign fleets in Salonica bay is having a good effect on the Turkish government; and that the Sultan has finally determined to make earnest efforts to put a stop to the bloodshed in Asia Minor. It is understood that the Marquis of Salisbury has received assurances that the Sultan has dispatched commisners to Asia Minor instructed to put in rce as soon as practicable the reforms insisted on by the powers, and that beyond the assembling of the foreign fleets off Salonica the powers will take no further steps at present, being desirous of giving the Turkish government every opportunity possible of restoring order in the disturbed districts without having recourse to measures which might add to the state of an-

archy prevailing. The following telegram from Constantinople was received this morning by the Anglo-Armenian Association: "The menians are being massacred everywhere in Asia Minor. Over 100,000 are dying of starvation and exposure. The Sassoun work of relief is closed. For God's sake urge the government to stop the most awful events of modern times. The Porte is powerless, as all the telegraph lines are control of palace officials, who have incited the massacres throughout Anatolia."
A dispatch received here from Rome today says that advices which have reached there from Constantinople amounce that the agitation against the Christians of northern Syria is extending, and that massacres have occurred near Aleppo.

#### ARMENIANS TO BLAME.

Advices Received by the Turkish Legation from the Porte. WASHINGTON, Nov. 18 .- The Turkish le gation here received from the Sublime Porte the following telegram under date

"The Armenian insurgents of Zeitoun Ferned and Kemban, numbering more than eight hundred, attacked the district of En-derin, burned the palace of the governor, as well as the houses belonging to the ulmans, and captured all those of Mussulman families that were unable to flee The rioters fell again on the village of Kurtler, at Marash, and burned ten houses with their contents. The Armenian riot-ers of Hasnimemsour having killed two Mussulmans, an affray took place, during which there were dead and wounded on both sides. The authorities restored order. The rebels of Marsovan and Amassia, after closing their shops, went to their church and to different khans, from where they fired on the Mussulmans.

Two letters sent from the Armenian shop of Aleppo to the Bishop of Curfa, through the intermediary of an Armenian disguised as an Arab, but arrested by the authorities of Curfa, prove that perfect inderstanding exists between all the Artionists of Asia Minor. The wing is a summary of these letters: Send powder to the rioters of Zeitoun to enable them to resist the authorities, and procure a certain quantity of saltpeter for Baronga, of the fabrication of powder. Baronga, Zeltoun, is assembling an army. The days are near when bloody deeds will take place. The Armenians of Marash are ready for action, and they wish to fight. They ask for ammunition and arms in order to help their comrades. The above information has een transmitted to all the Armenian rev-

The Turkish legation to-night received from the Sublime Porte the following teleinsurgents of Zeitoun plundered and burned the following villages: Lousikudi, Kechkere Moussali and Kerimili, Four bombs were found in the yard of an Armenian vioter at Diarbkir. The Armenian agita-tors at Marsovan attacked two Mussulmans tors at Marsovan attacked two Mussulmans going to the mosque and wounded them. They also fired from their houses to the barracks and to the palace of the Governor. Disorders followed these provocations, and on both sides there were dead and wounded. The authorities, however, succeeded in restoring order. All news concerning a supposed insecurity regarding all foreigners living in the towns where troubles take place are absolutely and entireles take place are absolutely and entire-

### THE ADMINISTRATION'S POLICY.

It Will Protect Americans, but Not

Subjects of the Sultan. WASHINGTON, Nov. 18 .- Admiral Selfridge cabled the Navy Department to-day that he had put in with his flagship, the San Francisco, at Naples to get his mail. He will proceed directly to Alexandretta. where he should arrive about Friday next, and will then be in a position to extend aid to the Americans and Europeans in that section in the event of further uprisings. The Turkish situation is absorbing the attention of the State Department at present and due notice is taken of the arious resolutions adopted by the many eligious organizations in the United States. Considering the terribly disturbed condi-tions in Armenia it is believed at the State Bepartment that Minister Terrell has been remarkably successful in his efforts to protect the American missionaries and hers. So far as the misfortunes of the native Christians is concerned, while they may properly excite the sympathy of the entire Christian world the State Derartment claims there is no warrant for interference on the part of the United States, the Armenians being Turkish subjects for whose religious freedom the great European powers are responsible. Any in-terposition by the Unitel States would be not only in violation of our traditions, but might be used, it is said, as a powerful argument to justify European interference in the affairs of American republics. reference to rumors to the effect that ister Terrell has tendered his resigation it may be stated that the Depart-ent of State is thoroughly satisfied with has lent all possible support to him and that no reason is known that would justify the assumption that he intends to desert his post in the present crists.

England May Get in Hot Water. NEW YORK, Nov. 18 -A special to the Herald from St. Petersburg says: "The Grand Duke Vladimir has an autograph from the Czar to the Kaiser relating to the dination in eastern Europe. It suggests that in case England insists too much on the disintegration of Turkey the three powers who united upon the Japanese ques-tion should again join hands against all

The "Messiah" to Visit Chicago. CHICAGO, Nov. 18 .- Francis Schlatter, the "New Messiah." who disappeared from Denver, last week, has written to a man in this city that he will be in Chicago Nov. 30.

THE RESERVE OF THE PARTY OF

## ENCOUNTERS IN CUBA

INSURGENTS AND SPANIARDS MEET IN SANTA CLARA PROVINCE.

Former Reported to Have Been Defeated in Several Engagements-Filibusters and Arms Landed.

HAVANA, Nov. 18 .- A dispatch received here to-day from Santa Clara says that a serious engagement has been fought at Taguasco, near Sancti Espiritus, province of Santa Clara, between four columns of Spanish troops and a strong force of insurgents commanded by Maximo Gomez. Another dispatch from the same place announces that the column of troops commanded by Brigadier General Garriche. while on its way to Cabaiguan, not far from Sancti Espiritus, has encountered and dispersed the vanguard of the insurgents. The troops have also dispersed the insurgent bands commanded by Aceo and Roque, at Abreus, in the Sagua district. The insurgents left eight killed on the field and the troops captured the insurgent banner, a number of Mauser rifles and a quantity of ammunition. The troops near Barajaguas, province of Santa Clara, have captured three camps which were occupied by insurgents. Rego, the insurgent leader, has been defeated with heavy loss and compelled to retreat from Siguianea. The Spanish troops in the Camajuani district of Santa Clara have had an engagement at Mount Oscuro with the insurgent bands commanded by Perez Guerra and Sanchez. The insurgents lost heavily from the artillery fire of the Spaniards.

Letters which have been received here

from Rabby by friends of that insurgent leader say that if the government will grant autonomy to Cuba he and his forces will surrender. General De Campos has re-peatedly denied treating with the insurgents as to the condition on which they will surrender and all rumors to that effect are untrue. He only pardons those who un-

General De Campos and General Navarro were present yesterday at a grand field mass celebrated on the large parade ground outside the city of Santa Clara, where the former afterwards reviewed 2,200 troops of all arms.

The police have arrested Angel Maya, the insurgent recruiting agent. He had on his person a pass issued by the insurgent junta

of New York in the name of Manuel Hino-The reports that General Gonzales Lopez Clara is premature. The General has only been recommended for that position, but he has not yet been appointed Governor. Lieut. Winston Leonard Churchill, of the British army, eldest son of the late Lord Randolph Churchill, has arrived here from New York with letters to Captain General Martinez De Campos from influential men n Spain. Lieutenant Churchill is desirous

f following the operations of the Spanish troops against the insurgents. Two Expeditions Landed.

NEW YORK, Nov. 18 .- President Palma, of the Cuban revolutionist party in this country, has received word of the safe arrival in Cuba of two expeditions sent out by the party. One of the parties is headed by General Francisco Carrillo and Tomazo Collazo, and the other under the leadership of Colonel Jose Maria Agguirre. General Carrillo and his party started from Cape Haytien in a schooner, one hundred strong, with 10,000 cartridges. After great hardship the party arrived on the northern coast of Cuba, where General Carrillo found awaiting him a party of 4,000 Cubans. The other party, under Colonel Agguirre, landed on the south coast of Cuba at about the same time. There were 129 men in Agguirre's company. The contingent was made up from all parts of the country-from Jamaica, New York, Key West, Tampa and Philadelphia. The party started from Canada and among the members of it was Captain L. Rubert Stuart Weatherley, of the British army, a grandson of Lord Cockburn. Captain Weatherley fought in the African war. Of the other members of the party there were Captain Antonio Gomez, Bartolome and Carlos Masso, son and nephew of Vice President Masso; Pompeyo Viada, Edgar Diaz, Charles M. Agguirre and others. The party had with them two cannon, 500 Win-chester rifles and 464,000 rounds of ammuni-

Garza Not Dead, but in Cuba. SAN ANTONIO, Tex., Nov. 18.-Advices were received here to-day from Palo Blanco, Neuces county, Texas, that Mrs. Catarino Garza, the wife of the Mexican revolutionary leader who created such a disturbance on the lower Rlo Grande border a few years ago and who was reported to have been killed in Colombia, South America, several months ago while engaged in a political insurrection, has just received a letter from her husband. According to the information contained in this letter Garza s very much alive and is taking a leading part in the Cuban revolution, where he has command of a company of insurgents and is known by the name of "El Modicano." Mrs. Garza lives on the ranch of her father, Don Alexnando Gonzales, near Palo Blanco. She has asserted all along hat her husband was not killed in Colompia and that she would hear from him soon. The full contents of the letter are not known, but it is said that Garzs has been promised an important office with the Cuban sovernment if the insurgents are successful.

Chased by a Gunboat. KINGSTON, Jamaica, Nov. 18.-The steamer Horsa, from Philadelphia, for Jamaica, met a tug and steamer at sea. The

tug took forty fillbusters and contraband of war off the steamer. The filibusters broke open the box containing the contraband of war and armed themselves. They also un-packed a wheeled cannon and, on the 5th, sailed without lights. When off Santa de Cuba boats were lowered and ammunition transferred. The vessel's name was obliterated and the funnels were painted red. At midnight the filibusters were chased by a gunboat, but the boats and the forty men succeeded in effecting an escape. The Horsa arrived at Port Antonio Saturday. Exiled Patriots Going to War.

NEW YORK, Nov. 18 .- Four men landed here to-day from the steamer Champagne to take up arms for Cuba to whom it means death to be captured on Spanish soil. They are Major General Calexto Garcia, Mariano Aberiche, Alferd Arango and M. Soto. The first is a man of fifty-five, who won his rank in Cuba's ten-year war and was extled to Madrid under parole not to leave the city. The others are Cuban exiles to Spain. They were warmly received by fellow-countrymen here, and will proceed to Cuba. They justify their breaking of parole on the ground that Spain disregards the usages of civilized nations in her treatment of Cuba.

Sentiment of Knights of Labor. WASHINGTON, Nov. 18 .- The General Assembly of the Knights of Labor to-day passed a resolution reciting that "the Knights of Labor, representing every section of the continent and all conditions of hunmanity, do hereby declare itself in favor of the immediate recognition of the Cubans as belligerents."

Officers of the National Grange. WORCESTER, Mass., Nov. 18.—At to-day's session of the National Grange the officers for the ensuing term of two years were elected as follows: Master, J. H. Brigham. Ohio; Overseer, Aaron Jones, of Indiana, lecturer, Alpha Messer, of Vermont; steward, J. T. Cox, of New Jersey; assistant steward, A. J. Newcomb, of Colorado; treasurer, Mrs. E. S. McDowell, of New York; secretary, John Trimble, of Washington, D. C.; gate keeper, W. E. Harbaugh, of Missouri; chaplain, O. H. Hale, of New York; Pomona, Mrs. Sarah G. Baird, of Minnesota; Ceres, Mrs. Lucy G. Baird, of Minnesota; Ceres, Mrs. Lucy G. Smith, of Ohio; Flora, Mrs. L. E. A. Wiggin, of Maine; lady assistant steward, Mrs. S. G. Knott, of West Virginia; executive committee. J. J. Woodman, of Michigan; N. J. Bachelder, of New Hampshire.

Baptist Women's Congress. ATLANTA, Ga., Nov. 18,-The Baptist Women's Congress met in the assembly room of the Woman's Building this morning and held exercises through the day on the evangelization of the home. Mrs. W. J. Northen presided. Addresses were delivered by Miss Mary Burdette, of Chicago, sister of Mr. Robert J. Burdette, by Miss Armstrong, of Baltimore, a leader in the Woman's Missionary Union, and by Mrs. J. D. Gambrill, wife of the president of Mercer

Atlanta Show to Close Dec. 31. ATLANTA, Ga., Nov. 18.-Mr. S. H. In-man, chairman of the finance committee, today gave notice to the trustees for the bondholders that the exposition company was ready to pay the second 25 per cent. in-stallment. Twelve days' notice is required before interest stops, which would make the date Nov. 30, but it is expected that the

payment of this installment will begin on the 25th. Mr. Inman expects to make the third payment on the bonds by Dec. 10, and close up the whole issue and pay the last fourth by Dec. 20. The attendance at the exposition has increased very largely within he last week, and all talk of continuing beyond Dec. 31 has been put to an end by a resolution of the directors, declaring that the fair would close finally and forever on

BULGARIAN MISSION FIELD.

It Has Cost Methodists \$400,000 and They Have Accomplished Little.

DENVER, Col., Nov. 18 .- Bulgaria was the principal subject discussed at to-day's siting of the general missionary committee of the Methodist Episcopal Church, and the debate at times was heated and pointed. Many harsh statements were made as to the conduct and the work and worth of the Bulgarian field, and many intimations were thrown out that very much more of a very much worse character could be revealed if only the revelations should not be given to the public. Bishop Warren presided. Work among the Germans in the United States was first taken up, and after discussion was referred to a committee. The Bulgarian appropriation, which had been made a special order, was then taken up. The report of the committee appointed by the board of managers reported through Bishop Andrews. The report gave a thorough history of the mission in Bulgaria since its estabishment, in 1857. After sixteen years' work about fifty members were all that could be Now, after an expenditure of about there were 280 members. The mission had been broken up several times by war. At the present time the society had but one American in the field, and the report assailed the general ability of that nan. The report provoked a warm debate, Bishop Foster, who has visited Bulgaria, favored discontinuance of the work, while others wanted stronger efforts. The committee on work among the Germans in this country reported recommenda-tions for the following appropriations: California, \$4,000; Central, \$4,577; Chicago, \$3,927; Eastern, \$5,574; Northern, \$3,097; North Pacific, \$4,957; North Wisconsin, \$4,586; St Louis, \$3,511; Southern, \$4,000; Western, \$6,-328. The report was agreed to The Bulgaria matter was again taken up, and it was finally decided to continue the

less 7 per cent., was agreed to. SLAVIN HAS SIGNED. He Will Fight Maher Either in Eng-

work there, and the year's appropriation,

land or Africa. LONDON, Nov. 18 .- Frank P. Slavin has signed articles for a twenty-round match with Peter Maher, formerly Irish champion, now claiming to hold the championship of America, for £500 and the best purse, the fight to take place either in England or South Africa. Pat Daly to-night defeated Callan, of London, in a ten-round contest before the National Sporting Club.

The Crowd Yelled "Fake." BALTIMORE, Md., Nov. 18 .- A big crowd filled the Front-street Theater to-night to see a fight between "Young Griffo" and Joe Gans, a local boxer. The men gave a sparring exhibition lasting ten rounds, at the end of which Griffo announced that he had agreed not to put Gans out as a condition precedent to the bout. The crowd

Colored Pugilist Knocked Out. TOLEDO, O., Nov. 18 .- Fred Brown (colored), of this city, and Frank Garrard, of Chicago, came together in a finish fight at the Olympic Club rooms to-night. Both men were in good condition, but Garrard had slightly the best of height and weight. Nine fast rounds were fought and resulted in Brown being knocked out.

QUAKE IN A CANYON.

Selamic Disturbances Reported from Several Points in Colorado. DENVER, Col., Nov. 18 .- A dispatch from Cotopaxi, Col., 120 miles southwest of this city, in the Grand Canyon of Kansas, says: This afternoon at 4:10 o'clock a distinct shock of earthquake was felt in this vicinity. At the schoolhouse slates were shaken from the desks and at other places windows were rattled and articles thrown lown. The shock lasted ten seconds. It was also felt in Texas Creek, seventy-five miles east, and at Coal Dale, four miles west. A slight shock was also felt at about 2 o'clock

Earthquake in Missouri. CHARLESTON, Mo., Nov. 18 .- An earthquake shock was felt here at 9:50 o'clock last night, the vibrations lasting about three seconds. No damage was done.

Losses by Fire. ST. LOUIS., Nov. 18.-The four-story brick ilding at No. 821 North Fourth street, occupied by the Fourborn Tin and Notion Company was partially destroyed by fire this evening, causing a loss of \$90,000. The company had on hand a large quantity of Christmas goods. Its loss is \$75,000, fully

nsured. The building, which is owned by George E. Rouse, was damaged about \$15,000; partially insured. SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 18.—Fire which broke out in the livery stable of J. H. Coon, on Fourteenth street, to-day burned a dozen houses. Twenty-five horses perished in the stable, and Mike Sheehan, a fireman, was fatally injured by falling timbers. Total

SALEM, Ore., Nov. 18 .- The Thomas Kay woolen mills were destroyed by fire to-day. Loss, \$80,000. The fire, which is believed to have been of incendiary origin, deprives sixty men of employment. RICHMOND, Ky., Nov. 18 .- Fire here to-

day burned Foxhound, a \$2,000 race gelding, owned by Burl Million, and \$40,060

Paying Teller Missing. PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 18.-Charles F. Ritter, assistant secretary and receiving and paying teller of the Tacony Saving fund, Safe Deposit, Title and Trust Company of Tacony, a suburb of this city, is missing. The first intimation of Ritter's isapeparance was when his wife found a note on her bureau late Saturday night from her husband saying he was going away and that she would never again see alive. An investigation of the affairs of the institution was begun at once. Vice President Louis R. Dick said to-day the securities of the concern are safe, and that here had apparently been no misappropriation of the company's funds.

Charged with Attempting Fraud. PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 18.-Frederick Baldt, manager, and James T. Anderson, foreman of the Penn Steel-casting and Machine Company, at Chester, Pa., were placed on trial to-day in the United States District Court, accused of attempting to defraud the United States government. The formal charge is conspiracy to defraud the government by duplicating the official stamp of the inspector of ordnance and by subcting specimens also stamped and separated for castings for test to treatment different from that received by the castings, so that castings inferior to the specimens would be delivered to the government.

Bank President Missing.

LEADVILLE, Col., Nov. 18 .- Peter W Breene, president of the defunct Leadville Savings and Deposit Bank, is missing. Creditors of the institution are anxious to meet him and see what sort of a settlement he expects to make. Mr. Breene had borrowed over \$70,000 from the bank.

Meteor Explodes Over Texas. MORGAN, Tex., Nov. 18 .- A meteor passed over this city at 8:15 o'clock last night, its course being southeast. It lighted up the heavens like lightning. A report was heard in about four minutes like thunder, and a shock was distinctly felt which caused windows to rattle. Killed by an Explosion.

BROOKLYN, N. Y., Nov. 18.-By an ex-

oil works at Williamsburg, Martin Joyce,

a watchman, and Andrew Patterson, a pump hand, were killed. The explosion resulted in a fire which did \$15,000 damage. Harrison and Cleveland Not Present. NEW YORK, Nov. 18.—The first dinner of the Military Order of the New York Commandery was held at the Brevoort House to-night. President Cleveland and ex-President Harrison had been expected, but

were unable to attend.

Lorimer Will Stay in Boston. BOSTON, Nov. 18.-The announcement is made public to-day that Rev. Dr. George Lorimer will not accept the call extended him from Chicago, but will continue in his Tremont Temple pastorate in this

Suicide of C. R. Meeker,

OAKLAND, Cal., Nov. 18 .- C. R. Meeker, assistant resident engineer of the Southern Pacific Company, committed suicide to-day by morphine poisoning. He was formerly by morphine poisoning. He was for an officer in the United States navy.

REVOLT

SHORT-LIVED REVOLUTION IN THE REPUBLIC OF VENEZUELA.

Started by Policemen. Who Were Badly Organized-Severe Storm and Flood at St. Petersburg.

NEW YORK, Nov. 18 .- A dispatch to the World from Caracas, Venezuela, says: Policemen started a conspiracy against President Crespo's administration on the 10th of this month here in the capital. The conspiracy then spread to other States. General Gonzales, of the government troops, was killed. The plot was discovered and the leaders of the projected revolution who are in Venezuela have been caught. The trouble outside of the federal district was confined to the states of Miranda, Bermudez and Lara. The revolution was badly organized. The government declares that it has been suppressed.

STORM AT ST. PETERSBURG. Suburbs of the City and Islands in the

River Neva Flooded. BERLIN, Nov. 18 .- Advices just received here from St. Petersburg give details of the severe storm which swept over that part of Russia on Wednesday last, No. 13. Owing to the violence of the gale the river Neva rose eight and one-half feet and the islands in it were flooded. In addition, the wooden buildings along the banks of the Neva, piers, etc., were washed away and inundated. So threatening did matters be-come that guns were fired from the fortress to alarm the inhabitants of the endangered parts of the town, and they were able to seek refuge in the upper stories of their habitations. Boats were used in some of the streets to carry people to places of safety and a strong detachment of troops and police were sent to the assistance of those who were in danger. The peasants inhabiting many of the villages on the outskirts of St. Petersburg lost everything through the floods, their homes, cattle and all belongings being swept away. The amount of damage done is said to be very great indeed, and many lives were lost. he exact extent of the disaster, however, was not ascertained when these advices left St. Petersburg, although the bodies of sev-eral drowned people had been recovered.

New French Cabinet Sustained. PARIS, Nov. 18 .- In the Chamber of Dept ties, to-day, the question of the arrest, in London, of Emile Arton, the associate of the late Baron Reinach in the Panama canal scandals, who disappeared in 1892, came up for discussion. The government declared his arrest was effected immediately he was discovered. The matter drifted into a discussion of the general policy of the government. This resulted in the adoption of a vote of confidence, the vote standing 421 to

Tragedies in Australia. MELBOURNE, Nov. 18.-Manager Short of the Commercial Bank at Sale, Victoria, shot his wife and two children and then killed himself with his revolver. The two and then himself.

Fortunate Americans. LONDON, Nov. 18.-A private dispatch has been received here from St. Petersburg confirming advices previously received from New York and elsewhere that the Bethlehem Iron Company and the Carnegie Iron Company's tenders for furnishing the armor plating for two new Russian war ships in course of construction have been accepted and that the American firms have been awarded three-quarters of the entire or-

A Brazilian Rumor Denied. LONDON, Nov. 18 .- There is no foundation for a story sent from Rio de Janeiro to New York, that Brazil has definitely concluded that she cannot arbitrate the question with Great Britain as to the ownership of the Island of Trinidad. Great Britain has received no reply from Brazil with reference to Trinidad, or regarding any other matter pending between the governments | Stevenson says of the place: of the two countries.

Turkish Embassador Dying. LONDON, Nev. 18 .- Rustem Pasha, the Turkish embassador to the court of St. James, is dying of influenza.

Rustem Pasha is an Italian by birth and was known as Count Malini, previous to entering the service of Turkey. He was at one time Governor of Lebanon and is described long. as having been a very just and firm official.

FATE OF FIVE SEAMEN. Blown Into Eternity While Killing

Fish with Dynamite. PORT TOWNSEND, Wash., Nov. 18 .-News from Valparaiso, Chile, was received here to-day giving details of the death of Captain Stegar and four seamen of the American bark Edward Kidder, which came from New York to load nitrate. The captain and his men went down the coast a short distance below Valparaiso intending to kill fish for the ship's use by explosives. People on shore say the party spent several hours exploding dynamite near the rocks. Then a terrible explosion was heard, throwing a column of water fifty feet in the air and robot the same as the same and robot the same and robot the same as the same and robot the same as the same and robot the same and robot the same are immortalized. feet in the air and when the smoke cleared in its pages would care to read so simple cupants was to be seen. Subsequently diligent search was made along the beach and the only articles found were a lot of

splintered wreckage of the ship's boat and Operated by an Electric Motor, I one or two hats. Steamer Manitoba Ashore. BEACH HAVEN, N. J., Nov. 18 .- The steamer Manitoba, from Rio de Janeiro for New York, went ashore near this place last | the night. All hands were saved. The Manitoba, Captain Millington, sailed from Rio de Janeiro on Oct. 27, bound for New York. She is a steamer of 1,886 register, built at West Hartlepool, England, in 1888. Norton & Son are the agents in New York.

Movements of Steamers. NEW YORK, Nov. 18.-Arrived: Fuerst Bismarck, from Genoa; La Champagne, HALIFAX, N. S., Nov. 48 .- Arrived: Nu midian, from Liverpool.

WILLIAM SCULLY'S METHODS.

How the Notorious Land Monopolist Treats His Tenants. Chicago Inter Ocean.

For the first time in ten years the tenants of thousands of acres in the county of Logan, Illinois, and other tracts of land in various parts of the country have received a visit from their landlord, William Scully. In Lincoln, Ill., is his main office, and has been for nearly half a century. Two or three weeks ago Mrs. William Scully arrived with a maid and seventeen trunks, and this week the noted proprietor came.

Mr. Scully came to this country and locality in 1850, and in 1851 purchased 25,000 acres, intending to make Logan county his home, and settled on section 27 of Prairie Creek township, where he built a large house and barns, stocking his place and entering into general farming, and he lived there three years, until his wife's failing health forced a return to England in 1854. His property in Illinois is 49,400 acres; in Nebraska, 26,000 acres in Gage county, and 40,000 acres in Nuckolle county.

Kansas-Marshall, 8,000 acres; Marion, 50,000, and Butler, 40,000 acres. The land ascribed to him in Missouri be-

longs to his wife. It is 25,000 acres in Bates This Western land is nearly all grazing tract. Including the 1,000 acres of his son's estate here, the Scullys have, in round numbers, 208,000 acres. In Kansas, half of the Marion county property was entered from the government and the other half cost more than it would bring to-day, from five to twenty-two dol-lars and a haif; that of Marshall, from five to fifteen dollars, and Butler, from two and

All tenants pay an equal rent, based upon an appraisement of the land as to its proa half to ten dollars ductive powers and improvements. The foundation principle is one-third for the tenant's manual labor, one-third for his mechanical labor and improvements, and the remainder for the proprietor. All lands are for rent only, unimproved as to buildings, but Mr. Scully furnishes the brick for all foundations and wells and pays for all shade and apple trees. In the last seven years over \$100,000 has

been spent in tiling alone, \$41,000 of it in Logan county. Not one penny in receipts in all these years has been taken back or sent to England. Every cent has remained

in this country, being spent for improve-ments or purchasing new land, while fre-quently the money for taxes has been drawn for on England.

Mr. Scully is between seventy-two and seventy-three years old. Mr. Scully's present wife was a Miss Chenowith, daughter of a retired banker of the City of Mexico, and owner of several silver mines, and she is very wealthy in her own right. They were married in 1875, and have two sons, aged seventeen and twelve, and a daughter of fifteen. Their eidest son died last June, aged eighteen years. Before leaving England a few weeks ago, Mr. Scully sold every inch of English property and all in Ireland not entailed, and has now only two tenants there and a little grazing land. He desires to sever all connections with John Bull. As to his future residence, he has not yet decided, but will winter in Lincoln. He

WANTS MORE ALIMONY.

decided, but will winter in Lincoln. He says he would probably settle either in Bos-

ton or New York, where his children, now in English schools, will eventually join him.

Ex-Wife of Jacob H. Vanderbilt Not Satisfied with \$1,200 n Year.

NEW YORK, Nov. 18 .- The family troubles of Jacob H. Vanderbilt, of Tacoma, Wash., who is a nephew of Commodore Vanderbilt, were in Judge Barrett's court to-day. In 1887 Mr. Vanderbilt went West. His wife, Mrs. Mary S. Vanderbilt, secured a legal separation with \$1,200 alimony a year on the ground of desertion. Recently she has applied to have the alimony increased to \$3,000 a year, asserting that Mr. Vanderbilt receives \$5,000 a year from his father's estate and \$1,500 salary from a Tacoma bank. The motion was heard to-day and Mr. Vanderbilt's lawyers claimed that his salary was but \$900 and his father's estate was non-productive. The Judge reserved his

FELL FROM A WINDOW. .

the low lying quarters of the city were Tragic Death of a Base Stepfather While Fleeing from Police.

FORT SCOTT, Kan., Nov. 18.-At 12:30 o'clock to-day Dr. A. C. Correy, a prominent dentist of this city, attempted to crimi- fired. nally assault his stepdaughter, Cora, a beautiful girl of seventeen, and, in attempting to escape from the police, fell from a second-story window, alighting on his head, being instantly killed. Mrs. Correy was out of the city. Correy was forty-five years old and had a large practice. The daughter is almost prostrated with excitement and grief but seemed relieved when she heard that her father had killed himself.

STEVENSON FORGOTTEN. House He Wrote About.

There is no recollection of Robert Louis tevenson at the immigrant boarding house in West street where he stopped after his voyage in the second cabin to New York. The young man behind the bar had apparently never heard of Mr. Stevenson, for he was greatly surprised to learn that his hotel was mentioned in the recently issued "Amateur Emigrant."

The house itself is one of the smallest, so far as front goes, anywhere along West street. It is a little two-story brick house, so low that a tall man is tempted to reach up from the street and holst the second ory windows. Within it shows the characteristics of the immigrant or sailors' boarding house. There is a little, hot barroom children are dead and the condition of his wife is critical. It is believed that his mind became unbalanced as a result of the recent tragedy reported from Sydney, where Arthur Daire, the actor, killed his wife, Amy Roselle, the well-known actress, and then himself. site the stove are chairs and a great settee.
This last is evidently something picked up
at auction, for it is quite above the general character of the furniture and a well-made and luxurious affair. Lithographs of big steamships are hung along the wall. In the sitting room or dining room behind one sees the immigrants loafing or at their meals, and still further back there are going to and fro between the kitchen and dining room.

The place has changed hands since Stevenson was there, and probably nobody is now in the house who was an inmate of the place at the time of Stevenson's visit. Lloyd Osborne went to the house not long ago to have a look at the room occupied by his stepfather and to get a general impression of the place, doubtless for biographical purposes. Even had there been no change of proprietorship between Stevenson's visit and this time it is unlikely that the author would have been remembered, for fifty or sixty immigrants often come into the place in a day, and it is not a house where a literary man, traveling second cabin, would be likely to be picked out. Here are some of the things that

"I suppose we had one of the 'private rooms for families at the — House. It was very small, furnished with a bed, a rived all that was necessary for the life of the human animal through two borrowed lights, one looking into the passage and the second opening without sash into another apartment, where three men fitfully snored, or in intervals of wakefulness drearily mumbled to each other all night

The relation of the two rooms was nearly like that of two other rooms in a gruesome story of a hotel murder in New York told to Stevenson on shipboard that he went to bed under some depression, but rose to find himself and his goods intact. Stevenson left the house in the rain to go about New York. This, doubtless, was the time when he chose to visit the of the Century on a fruitless errand. Gilder some years afterwards told of his visit and of Stevenson's humorous admision that he had felt himself snubbed Stevenson got back to the house so thoroughly soaked that he actually left his rousers as a gift to the establishment. The man behind the bar the other day carefully took down the name of the vol-ume in which his hotel is mentioned, and a vestige of the boat or its oc- a narrative of an unadventurous voyage.

AN IMPROVED GATLING GUN.

Fires 1,800 Shots a Minute. Washington Letter in New York Tribune. The naval rapid-fire gun board, of which Lieut. N. E. Mason is the senior member, has submitted to Capt. Sampson, chief of the Bureau of Ordnance, a report on trial of the improved Gatling gun. In its general features, the gun is same as the thirty-caliber gun tested by the board last year. It differs in important details, however. The caliber of the im-proved invention is 236 and the length of the barrels twenty-six inches. A change in the firing mechanism has been made, and now the operating is done from the right-hand parrel, instead of the lower one. The change allows more time for the operation of the extractor, and reduces the danger of disabling the gun by hang-fires. A novel electrical attachment is used with the gun, which permits of about 1,800 shots a minute being fired, a remarkable showing. The improved Gatling underwent tests in competition with the Browning automatic gun. Later it will have to meet several foreign inventions. The experiments with the Gatling gun began with the firing of 100 rounds deliberately. This was followed by the discharging of 100 rounds rapidly. No time was taken for the first test, but in the second the record was nine seconds. There were no interruptions to the firing. Then twenty rounds were discharged; time, three seconds. One mis-fire occurred. Forty rounds were fired in

five seconds, fifty rounds in six seconds, 100 rounds in seven seconds, 200 rounds in thirteen seconds and 400 rounds in thirtyseven seconds. One man operated the crank, and two men were at the feed. Later 400 rounds were fired in thirty seconds. Without any difficulty, 460 shots were fired in one minute. In the course of the last test one case, containing ten cartridges, was split later-ally. Then followed the firing of one hundred rounds deliberately, every fifth cart-ridge being a dummy. The experiment was satisfactory to the board. Two hundred shots, with the extreme elevation and two hundred shots with the extreme depression, were then discharged, the time for the first being twenty-four seconds and for the latter twenty-one seconds. With the barrel moving in train and elevation, two hun-

dred rounds were fired in thirty seconds

without any interruption. In these experiments two men successfully operated the To determine how quickly damaged parts of the mechanism could be replaced, a test ensued of taking out an old and putting in a new lock; the time was twenty-eight seconds. The board fired the gun twenty times with one lock removed. No interruptions occurred, but two unfired cartridges were thrown out. Some ill luck attended the atminutes. A bullet became jammed in one of the barrels and in one chamber two cartridge cases were found one against the other, the heads of both having been pulled off. The jams were but temporary. The record of the five minutes' firing was 1,980 shots, forty of which were satisfactory The range was five hundred yards With the range at one thousand yards the number of good hits was ten.

The board then made experiments with the gun having the electric motor fitted on. The motor is attached to the breech of the

gun casing by an interrupted screw. The electric current is regulated by a switch and the connection with the firing mechanism made and broken by a push-button held in the gunner's hand. The weight of the motor and the casing is 106 pounds; their length, twenty-one and three-eighths inches. The additional length of the gun when the motor is attached is twenty when the motor is attached is twenty inches. The projection of the central shaft from the breech when the motor is unshipped is two and seven-sixteenth inches. stated, with the motor in operation, the gun can fire 1,800 shots a minute. The board says that se eral hundred shots were fired, the only interruption being due to temporary jams in the gun or feed strips, and that the action of the motor was smooth and regular throughout.

TRAIN ROBBERS BLUNDER.

They Uncouple the Wrong Car and the Engineer Puts on Steam.

MINNEAPOLIS, Nov. 18 .- About 10 o'clock to-night an express train on the Great Northern railroad was held up near St Cloud. The robbers were evidently after the express car, and, supposing it to be the second from the engine, cut it off from connection with the mail car. When the engineer saw what had been done he threw open the throttle and pulled safely into St. Cloud with the treasure. It is not known at this hour whether the passengers were molested.

A dispatch from St. Paul says: In substance the story of the engine crew was that when three or four miles out from Clear Lake the fireman looked squarely into the muzzles of two Winchester rifles backed by two ugly pairs of eyes. The fireman was badly frightened, but obeyed the injunction of the robbers, who, discovering their mistake in not having the express car, departed without further molestation. At 12 o'clock a special train left St. Paul with a posse for the scene of the hold-up. So far as known nothing was secured by the would-be robbers, and no shots were

A VISCOUNT "TOUCHED."

He Visited an Evil Resort in Chicago and Lost \$185.

CHICAGO, Nov. 18 .- Viscount Richard William Curzon, of the well-known English family of that name, complained to the police to-night that he had been robbed of \$185 and asked for warrants for the Not Remembered at the Boarding arrest of the thieves. The Viscount, who is traveling under the name of Bloomfield, was robbed in an establishment at No. 327 State street, kept by a woman named Annie Bell. Warrants were issued for the inmates of the place and an effort will be made to get the Viscount's money for him. The police, however, have very little hope of securing the stolen funds. There was nothing sensational about the robbery, it being a plain case of "touch." The Viscount is to-night traveling around the city in the company of a "levee" character known as "Ohio Bill." The Viscount is about twenty-seven years of age and claims that he was a classmate of the Duke of Marlborough, who married Miss Vanderbilt last week. He also says that he is a cousin of the Curzon who became the husband of Miss Mary

A NOVELIST'S DUTY.

It Is to Teach the Divine Doctrine of Compensation.

All authors in the end stand or fall by their mastery of motive, and the value of a novel or drama depends on the value of its motive. Two authors of to-day, in two of their works, have shown mastery over motive; but, if I may be forgiven for the criticism, the motive is not quite of the hest. He who tells me that life is an unsolved riddle tells me nothing. Mr. Pinero's "Mrs. Tanqueray" seemed to say that when a woman has fallen there is no salvation for her in this life, and she might as well take herself out of it, and leave the reckoning between the world and her faults to be made elsewhere.

netimes we laugh at the love of the public for a happy ending. Let us not laugh at it. The outspoken craving of the hu-man heart is not for the clap-trap of mar-riage bells, but for spiritual compensation. It will suffer itself to see the hero die, if only he dies in a good cause, if only his death is the crown of his life, if only it can feel that, though everything passes away from him-youth, fortune, love-one thing remains-spiritual compensation. Mr. Hardy and Mr. Pinero may say: "I don't see it happen." A lady said to Turner: "I don't see these colors in the sunset." "I dare say not, madam," said Turner, "but dont you wish you could?" Surely this is the very essence of art as distinguished from life. Life is made up of a multitude of fragments, a sea of many currents, often coming into collision and throwing

We look around and we see wrongdoing victorious and rightdoing in the dust; the evil man growing rich and dying in his hed, the good man becoming poor and dying in the streets; and our hearts sink, and we say, "What is God doing, after all, in this world of His children?" But our days are few, our view is limited; we cannot watch the event long enough to see the end which Provi-dence sees. Well, am I irreverent? The place of the great novelist, the great dramitists-Tolstoi. Hugo. Scott and Shak-speare-is that of a temporal providence-to answer the cravings of the human soul for compensation, to show us that success may be the worst failure, and failure the best success; that poverty may be better than

Here and there my lord is lower than his oxen and his swine. Here and there a cotter's babe is royal-born by right divine.

When he does this, when he penetrates ality is charged with a conscious sense of moral responsibility, when he gathers to-gether the scattered parts of life and shows the axis on which the frame of things turns," then the great writer speaks to the world's want. When he does not, he might as well have poor human nature to turn its eyes on life itself. It is what art is for at its highest, and I count him the greatest artist who does it best; I count him the greatest genius who touches the magnetic and divine chord in humanity which is al-ways waiting to vibrate to the sublime hope of recompense; I count him the greatest man who teaches men that the world is ruled in righteousness.

Voice from the Four Hundred.

Writer in New York Mail and Express. There is some discussion as to whether the mobbing that people of fashion were subjected to on Wednesday and Thursday will not have a tendency to render future horse shows less popular among the best circles than formerly. There is every reason to hope that something will be done to set the seal of disapproval upon the kind of publicity that has of late attended social movements. If things continue as they are we will shortly be obliged to surround our Belgravia with a high fence to keep the public out. I cannot be persuaded that people of good breeding like this sort of thing—the pushing and hauling and staring and comment of the mob—and that if it and comment of the most and that it it continues measures will be concerted to put a stop to the whole business. The few who are to blame for stimulating public curiosity to the pitch which has resulted in this frenzy may well be proud of their handiwork. The public is like a flock of sheep that can be led whither a skillful guidance directs. They have been led into these directs. They have been led into these paths by certain recent spectacular per-formances. They must now be led gently back again or the end will be even worse for society than the beginning has been.

Obituary. JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., Nov. 18 .- Judge Andrew J. King died in this city to-night, aged eighty-three years. He was for many years prominent in the political life of Missourl, and represented the St. Charles district for several terms in Congress, besides serving on the circuit bench a number of years. He came here from Washington, D. C., last fall. CHICAGO, Nov. 18 .- John Edgerton Davis, secretary of the Sons of New York So-clety in this city and one of the first mem-

bers of that society in Chicago, died at his home in Linden Park, after an illness of six weeks. Mr. Davis was born in Mc-Lean, Tompkins county, New York, and he had lived in Chicago for the last fifteen Business Embarrassmeuts. CHICAGO, Nov. 18 .- The Henry O. Shepard Company, one of the largest printing firms in the city, made an assignment this

afternoon. The assets are placed at \$65,000

and the liabilities at \$100,000. The only cause given for the fallure is depression in busi-

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 18 .- David Martin o-day announced himself a candidate for elegate to the national Republican convenDR. COBLENTZ'S

Oxygen Tobacco Cure

Not a Substitute for Tobacco.

But a True Medicine, Based on the True Theory of the Tobacco Disease.

Many unsuccessful efforts have been made to liberate the victims of the tobacco habit by trying to deceive the mind by substitutng another substance for tobacco to be used in the same way. These substances did tot have any curative properties or any power to antidote the poison or restore dis-

eased conditions to a natural state. All such efforts must, of necessity, fail for the reason that they are not cures, but only 'make-believes." "Placeboes" the doctors call them, and possess about as much value as "bread pills," which are sometimes given when nothing is the matter to satisfy the mind of the patient. Such treatment does not cure real disease and the use of tobacco. long continued, is a real disease and requires a real remedy. Oxygen Tobacco Cure is a real medicine, so well adapted to the disease that not a single failure is charged against it in the thousands of cases cured by it. It is sold by all druggists on a posi-

The question is, do you want to be cured of the disease? If so, Oxygen Tobacco Cure what you want. It is no experiment, but a thoroughly tried and proven remedy. Out of the thousands who have tested it in this city not a single failure has been reported. Oxygen Tobacco Cure is guaranteed by the manufacturer to cure you and will return you your money if it does not. Three large boxes are warranted to cure. druggists at 25c, 50c and \$1. N. B.-All persons desiring information as to the cure of morphine, oplum or whisky habits should address J. W. COBLENTZ. M. D.,

FORFEITED TO HALE.

Fort Wayne, Ind.

Luttherg Gives Up on Account of a Fractured Rib.

The wrestling match at English's Opera House last night between Herb Hale, of this city, and Max Luttberg, of Cincinnati, was suddenly ended at the close of the second fall. Luttberg announced that he was unable to proceed on account of a fractured rib, and forfeited the match to Hale. Hale won the first fall in five minutes and Luttberg got the second in thirteen minutes. Luttberg said he would challenge Hale as soon as he recovered from his present in-jury, which was caused by a fall last week. Hale said he would accept the match for a short time after his coming match with Schumscher.

STRUCK A TROLLEY POLE.

John Scott Slightly Injured in Boarding an Irvington Car.

John Scott attempted to board an Irvington street car last night, but by some mishap got caught between the car and one of the trolley poles. He was under the influence of liquor at the time. He was taken aboard the car and carried to the West Washington-street stable, where he was subsequently turned over to the police, who took him to the station house, where his injuries were attended by Police geon Kahlo. It was thought last night he was not very seriously hurt.

Afraid of the Second Shock. State Treasurer Scholz tells of an old man who was struck and knocked down by a rapid bicycler. As the cycler struck the old man he yelled: "Look out there!" What, you --- fool, are ye a-comin back agin?" shouted the victim of the ac-cident, as he raised himself on his hands and knees and looked at the rapid wheel-

man, now some yards away and flying.

Smart Child. Occasionally a teacher discovers a rare gift of condensation in a child at school. One teacher in a primary school, the other day, told her small pupils the story of the ass who put on the lion's skin; and then she commanded each child to write down and hand in a moral for the fable. This was the moral which one little girl, aged six, handed in: "Don't be what you ain't," If all our false-color people would frame that "moral"

and hang it up on their walls! Another Voice.

Washington Post. I desire to add my enthusiastic testimony to those of my distinguished fellow-citizens a liar and a horse thief .- Russell A. Alger

Not Beceived.

Ex-Consul Waller complains that he has

no flannels to protect him from the cold. Those nice, warm resolutions Topeka sent over must have miscarried.

Kansas City Journal.

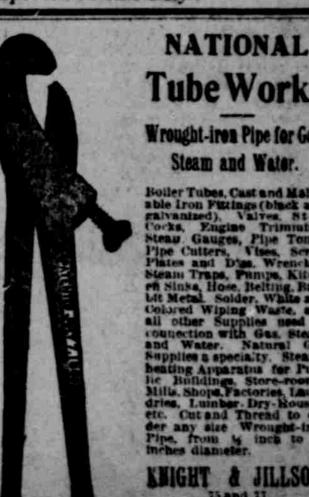
the Western newspapers.

One Advantage. Kansas City Journal. One of the advantages of living out West s found in the fact that very little of the

Dunraven-Iselin gabiest finds its way into

Dangerous Use of Strong Purgatives.

Pills and purgatives which act quickly upon the bowels, irritate and destroy the mucous linings of the stomach and bowels. A continued use of such remedies inflames the stomach and bowels. The use of the genuine imported Carlsbad Sprudel Salt is highly recommended because its action is due solely to its solvent and stimulating properties, without irritating the stomach. Best results are obtained when out-door exercise can be had. Obtain the genuine imported article only.



**Tube Works** Wrought-iren Pipe for Gas, Steam and Water.

Boiler Tubes, Cast and Malieable Iron Fixtings (black and
galvanized), Valves, Stop
Cocks, Engine Trimming,
Stean Gauges, Pipe Tonga,
Pipe Cutters, Vises, Screw
Plates and Digs, Wrenches,
Steam Traps, Pumps, Kitchen Sinka, Hose, Belting, Raubit Metal, Solder, White and
Colored Wiping Waste, and
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and Water. Natural Gas
Supplies a specialty. Steamheating Apparatus for Public Buildings, Store-rooms,
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etc. Cut and Thread to order any size Wronght-Iron
Pipe, from 16 inch to 13

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